# familial encephalopathy with neuroserpin inclusion bodies

Familial encephalopathy with neuroserpin inclusion bodies (FENIB) is a disorder that causes progressive dysfunction of the brain (encephalopathy). It is characterized by a loss of intellectual functioning (dementia) and seizures. At first, affected individuals may have difficulty sustaining attention and concentrating. They may experience repetitive thoughts, speech, or movements. As the condition progresses, their personality changes and judgment, insight, and memory become impaired. Affected people lose the ability to perform the activities of daily living, and most eventually require comprehensive care.

The signs and symptoms of FENIB vary in their severity and age of onset. In severe cases, the condition causes seizures and episodes of sudden, involuntary muscle jerking or twitching (myoclonus) in addition to dementia. These signs can appear as early as a person's teens. Less severe cases are characterized by a progressive decline in intellectual functioning beginning in a person's forties or fifties.

# Frequency

This condition appears to be rare; only a few affected individuals have been reported worldwide.

# **Genetic Changes**

FENIB results from mutations in the *SERPINI1* gene. This gene provides instructions for making a protein called neuroserpin, which is found in nerve cells (neurons). Neuroserpin plays a role in the development and function of the nervous system. This protein helps control the growth of neurons and their connections with one another, which suggests that it may be important for learning and memory.

Mutations in the *SERPINI1* gene result in the production of an abnormally shaped, unstable form of neuroserpin. Within neurons, defective neuroserpin proteins can attach to one another and form clumps called neuroserpin inclusion bodies or Collins bodies. These clumps disrupt the cells' normal functioning and ultimately lead to cell death. The gradual loss of neurons in certain parts of the brain causes progressive dementia. Researchers believe that a buildup of related, potentially toxic substances in neurons may also contribute to the signs and symptoms of this condition.

#### Inheritance Pattern

FENIB is inherited in an autosomal dominant pattern, which means one copy of the altered gene in each cell is sufficient to cause the disorder. In many cases, an affected person has a parent with the condition.

## Other Names for This Condition

- familial dementia with neuroserpin inclusion bodies
- FENIB

# **Diagnosis & Management**

## **Genetic Testing**

 Genetic Testing Registry: Encephalopathy, familial, with neuroserpin inclusion bodies

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gtr/conditions/C1858680/

# Other Diagnosis and Management Resources

- MedlinePlus Encyclopedia: Dementia https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/000739.htm
- MedlinePlus Encyclopedia: Seizures https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/003200.htm

# General Information from MedlinePlus

- Diagnostic Tests
   https://medlineplus.gov/diagnostictests.html
- Drug Therapy https://medlineplus.gov/drugtherapy.html
- Genetic Counseling https://medlineplus.gov/geneticcounseling.html
- Palliative Care https://medlineplus.gov/palliativecare.html
- Surgery and Rehabilitation https://medlineplus.gov/surgeryandrehabilitation.html

### Additional Information & Resources

#### MedlinePlus

- Encyclopedia: Dementia https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/000739.htm
- Encyclopedia: Seizures https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/003200.htm

- Health Topic: Degenerative Nerve Diseases https://medlineplus.gov/degenerativenervediseases.html
- Health Topic: Dementia https://medlineplus.gov/dementia.html

### Genetic and Rare Diseases Information Center

 Familial encephalopathy with neuroserpin inclusion bodies https://rarediseases.info.nih.gov/diseases/10037/familial-encephalopathy-with-neuroserpin-inclusion-bodies

# Additional NIH Resources

 National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke: Encephalopathy Information Page https://www.ninds.nih.gov/Disorders/All-Disorders/Encephalopathy-Information-Page

## **Educational Resources**

- Disease InfoSearch: Familial Encephalopathy with Neuroserpin Inclusion Bodies http://www.diseaseinfosearch.org/Familial+Encephalopathy+with+Neuroserpin +Inclusion+Bodies/2743
- Merck Manual Consumer Version: Overview of Delirium and Dementia http://www.merckmanuals.com/home/brain-spinal-cord-and-nerve-disorders/ delirium-and-dementia/overview-of-delirium-and-dementia
- Orphanet: Familial encephalopathy with neuroserpin inclusion bodies http://www.orpha.net/consor/cgi-bin/OC\_Exp.php?Lng=EN&Expert=85110

# Patient Support and Advocacy Resources

- Alzheimer's Association http://www.alz.org/
- Family Caregiver Alliance https://www.caregiver.org/health-issues/dementia

# ClinicalTrials.gov

ClinicalTrials.gov
 https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/results?cond=%22familial+encephalopathy+with
 +neuroserpin+inclusion+bodies%22

### Scientific Articles on PubMed

PubMed

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=%28%28familial+encephalopathy+%5BTIAB%5D+AND+neuroserpin+%5BTIAB%5D%29+OR+%28fenib%5BTIAB%5D%29%29+AND+english%5Bla%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D+AND+%22last+3600+days%22%5Bdp%5D

### **OMIM**

 ENCEPHALOPATHY, FAMILIAL, WITH NEUROSERPIN INCLUSION BODIES http://omim.org/entry/604218

# **Sources for This Summary**

- Bradshaw CB, Davis RL, Shrimpton AE, Holohan PD, Rea CB, Fieglin D, Kent P, Collins GH.
   Cognitive deficits associated with a recently reported familial neurodegenerative disease: familial encephalopathy with neuroserpin inclusion bodies. Arch Neurol. 2001 Sep;58(9):1429-34.
   Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/11559315
- Coutelier M, Andries S, Ghariani S, Dan B, Duyckaerts C, van Rijckevorsel K, Raftopoulos C, Deconinck N, Sonderegger P, Scaravilli F, Vikkula M, Godfraind C. Neuroserpin mutation causes electrical status epilepticus of slow-wave sleep. Neurology. 2008 Jul 1;71(1):64-6. doi: 10.1212/01.wnl.0000316306.08751.28.
   Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/18591508
- Davis RL, Holohan PD, Shrimpton AE, Tatum AH, Daucher J, Collins GH, Todd R, Bradshaw C, Kent P, Feiglin D, Rosenbaum A, Yerby MS, Shaw CM, Lacbawan F, Lawrence DA. Familial encephalopathy with neuroserpin inclusion bodies. Am J Pathol. 1999 Dec;155(6):1901-13. Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/10595921
   Free article on PubMed Central: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3277299/
- Davis RL, Shrimpton AE, Carrell RW, Lomas DA, Gerhard L, Baumann B, Lawrence DA, Yepes M, Kim TS, Ghetti B, Piccardo P, Takao M, Lacbawan F, Muenke M, Sifers RN, Bradshaw CB, Kent PF, Collins GH, Larocca D, Holohan PD. Association between conformational mutations in neuroserpin and onset and severity of dementia. Lancet. 2002 Jun 29;359(9325):2242-7. Erratum in: Lancet 2002 Oct 5;360(9339):1102.
   Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/12103288
- Davis RL, Shrimpton AE, Holohan PD, Bradshaw C, Feiglin D, Collins GH, Sonderegger P, Kinter J, Becker LM, Lacbawan F, Krasnewich D, Muenke M, Lawrence DA, Yerby MS, Shaw CM, Gooptu B, Elliott PR, Finch JT, Carrell RW, Lomas DA. Familial dementia caused by polymerization of mutant neuroserpin. Nature. 1999 Sep 23;401(6751):376-9.
   Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/10517635
- Galliciotti G, Sonderegger P. Neuroserpin. Front Biosci. 2006 Jan 1;11:33-45. Review.
   Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/16146712
- Gourfinkel-An I, Duyckaerts C, Camuzat A, Meyrignac C, Sonderegger P, Baulac M, Brice A.
   Clinical and neuropathologic study of a French family with a mutation in the neuroserpin gene.
   Neurology. 2007 Jul 3;69(1):79-83.
   Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/17606885

- Miranda E, MacLeod I, Davies MJ, Pérez J, Römisch K, Crowther DC, Lomas DA. The intracellular accumulation of polymeric neuroserpin explains the severity of the dementia FENIB. Hum Mol Genet. 2008 Jun 1;17(11):1527-39. doi: 10.1093/hmg/ddn041. Epub 2008 Feb 11. Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/18267959
   Free article on PubMed Central: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC2387220/
- Yepes M, Lawrence DA. Neuroserpin: a selective inhibitor of tissue-type plasminogen activator in the central nervous system. Thromb Haemost. 2004 Mar;91(3):457-64. Review.
   Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/14983220

## Reprinted from Genetics Home Reference:

https://ghr.nlm.nih.gov/condition/familial-encephalopathy-with-neuroserpin-inclusion-bodies

Reviewed: April 2009

Published: March 21, 2017

Lister Hill National Center for Biomedical Communications U.S. National Library of Medicine National Institutes of Health Department of Health & Human Services